



Modeling Fuel Cells in SAM

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September 19, 2019

- Introduction to PySAM, August 1, 2019
- Modeling Wind Systems in SAM, August 22, 2019
- **SAM Virtual Conference, August 28, 2019**
- Modeling Fuel Cells in SAM, September 19, 2019

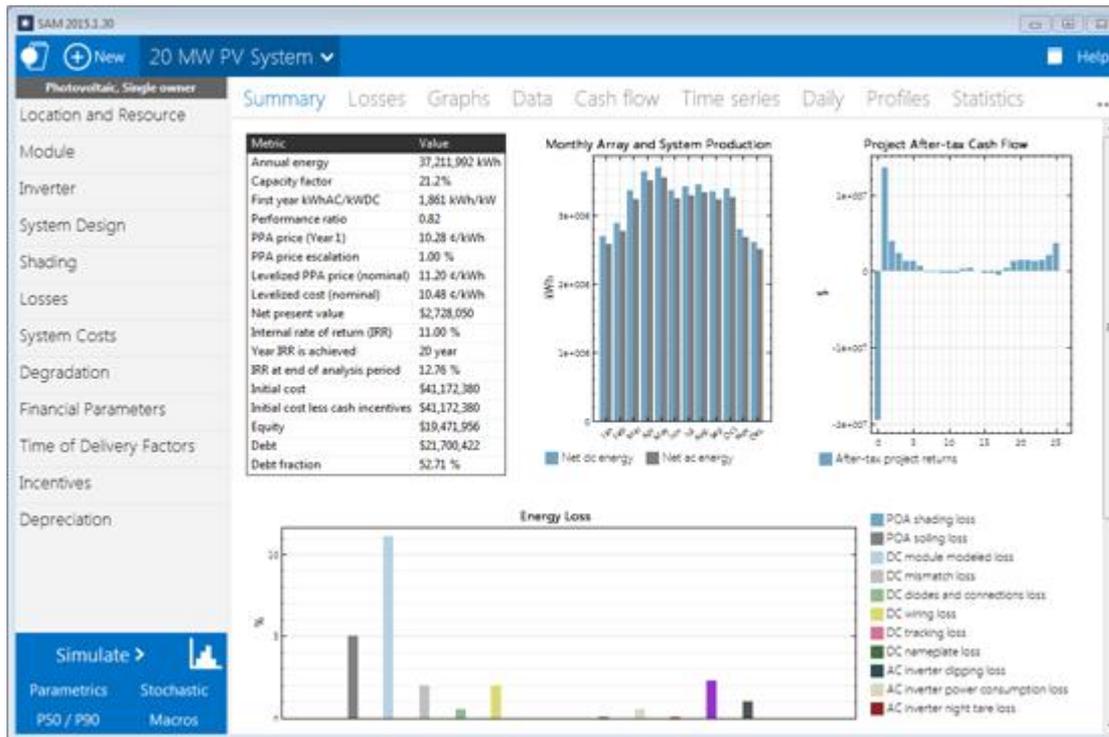
Learn about upcoming events here:

<https://sam.nrel.gov/events.html>

System Advisor Model (SAM)

SAM is free software for modeling the performance and economics of renewable energy projects.

<http://sam.nrel.gov>
github.com/NREL/SAM



- Developed by NREL with funding from DOE
- Windows, OSX, and Linux
- One or two new versions per year
- Software Development Kit (SDK)
- Support

Download Beta version

<http://samrepo.nrelcloud.org/beta-releases/sam-beta-windows-2019-7-15.exe>



Technologies

Photovoltaics

- Detailed & PVWatts

- Battery Storage

Wind

- Concentrating solar power

- Geothermal

- Biomass

- Solar water heating

- Fuel Cell

Financial Models

Behind-the-meter

- residential

- commercial

- third-party ownership

Power purchase agreements

- single owner

- equity flips

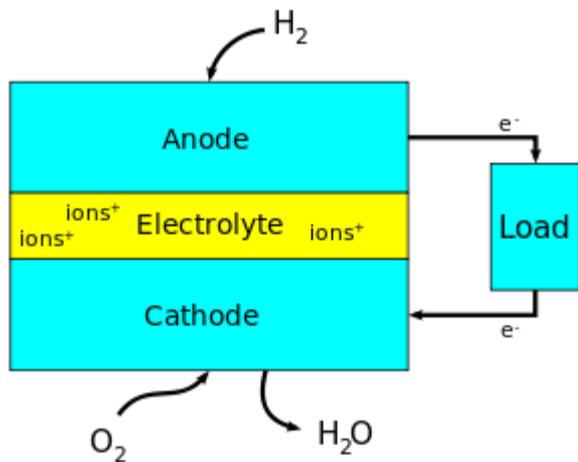
- sale-leaseback

Simple LCOE calculator

Outline

- Fuel cells
- SAM modeling of PV + Fuel Cell + Storage
- Demo

Fuel Cells



- An electrochemical cell that converts the chemical energy of a fuel and oxidizing agent into electricity through a pair of redox reactions.
- A single cell consists of electrolyte sandwiched between two electrodes.
- A fuel cell stack may contain a few to hundreds of individual cells layered together. This scalability enables multiple applications



Hydrogen & Fuel Cells

<https://www.nrel.gov/hydrogen/fuel-cells.html>

- A variety of NREL data and tools are available specifically focused on fuel cells
- <https://www.nrel.gov/hydrogen/data-tools.html>

We'd like to thank the fuel cell modeling team at NREL for help developing SAM's model

SAM fuel cell model

SAM 2019.7.15

Choose a performance model, and then choose from the available financial models.

Photovoltaic (detailed)

Commercial (distributed)

Photovoltaic (PVWatts)

PPA single owner (utility)

High concentration PV

Wind

Biomass combustion

Geothermal

Solar water heating

Fuel Cell

github.com/nrel/ssc

cmod_fuelcell.cpp

lib_fuel_cell.cpp

lib_fuel_cell_dispatch.cpp

- We introduce a fuel cell technology with two financial options
 - Commercial – intended for commercial or industrial applications where fuel cell will be offsetting a load for a behind-the-meter customer
 - PPA single owner – intended for a utility scale site generating power to sell through a PPA

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File



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Fuel Cell, Commercial

Location and Resource

PV System

Battery Storage

Fuel Cell

Dispatch

Lifetime

Grid

System Costs

Financial Parameters

Incentives

Electricity Rates

Electric Load

Thermal Rates

Thermal Load

Fuel cell properties

Fuel Cell Type

SOFC
 MCFC
 PAFC
 SOFC
 Custom

Modifying the fuel cell type changes default information about the system size, dynamic response, degradation and efficiency. SAM models all fuel cell types the same way, by applying an electrical efficiency based upon the percent of max power at each timestep and limiting operation based upon dynamic response limits.

System

-Size

Unit nameplate	200	kW
Minimum unit output	30	% of nameplate
Number of units	1	
Total system nameplate	200	kW
Minimum system output	60	kW

-Dynamic Response

Started up

Startup time	24	hours
Shutdown time	24	hours
Ramp rate up limit (per unit)	20	kW/hr
Ramp rate down limit (per unit)	20	kW/hr
Calculated ramp up limit (per unit)	20	kW/h
Calculated ramp down limit (per unit)	20	kW/h

-Degradation

Degradation %/year

Restart degradation kW

Fuel cell degradation is assumed to degrade the max power output

-Shutdown schedule

Import...
 Export...
 Copy
 Paste

Shutdown hour of year	Hours shutdown
0	0

Rows:

Default values populated from [FCPower](#) and correspondence with modeling experts

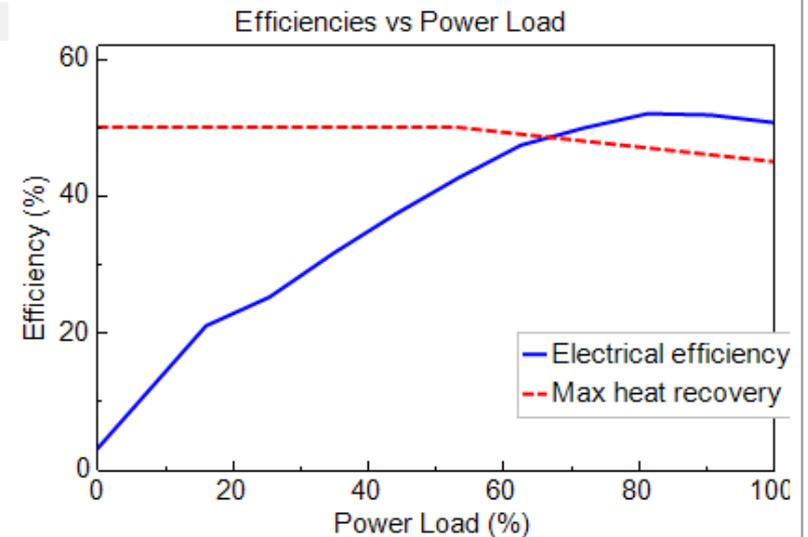
Fuel cell model

Efficiency

Choose power percentage definition Power percent function of nameplate power

The electrical efficiency is applied to the power generated to calculate fuel consumption, while heat recovery percent determines heat generation. These efficiencies are calculated from the percent power output, which can be defined relative the original nameplate power, or to the degraded max power.

	% Power	Electrical Efficiency LHV (%)	Max Heat Recovery (%)
Import...	0	3	50
Export...	16.1	21	50
Copy	25.5	25.2	50
Paste	34.8	31.5	50
Rows:	53.4	42.6	50
	62.7	47.4	49
	72	49.9	48
	81.4	52	47
	90.7	51.8	46
	100	50.7	45



Fuel Properties

Fuel Type Natural Gas

Lower Heating Value 983 Btu/ft3

Fuel limited on site

Fuel available 1e+10 Liters

Different fuel types may not be compatible with all fuel cell technologies or may require additional system components to convert the fuel into usable hydrogen. Selecting a fuel type in SAM simply modifies default values for the lower heating value and price, making the assumption that the user understands the fuel input limitations for their system.

Fuel cell operation

Fuel Cell Operation

-Dispatch options-

- Fixed output
- Follow electric load
- Manual dispatch
- Input dispatch

-Fixed output-

Fixed output percentage %

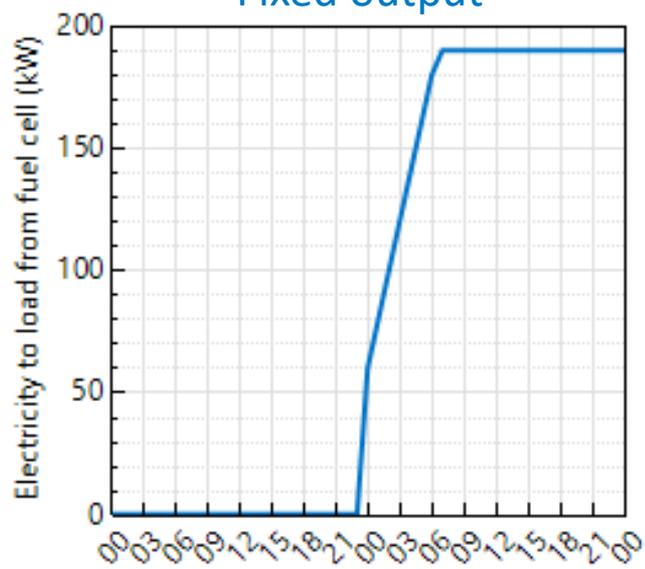
-Input dispatch-

Input dispatch kW

-Operation options-

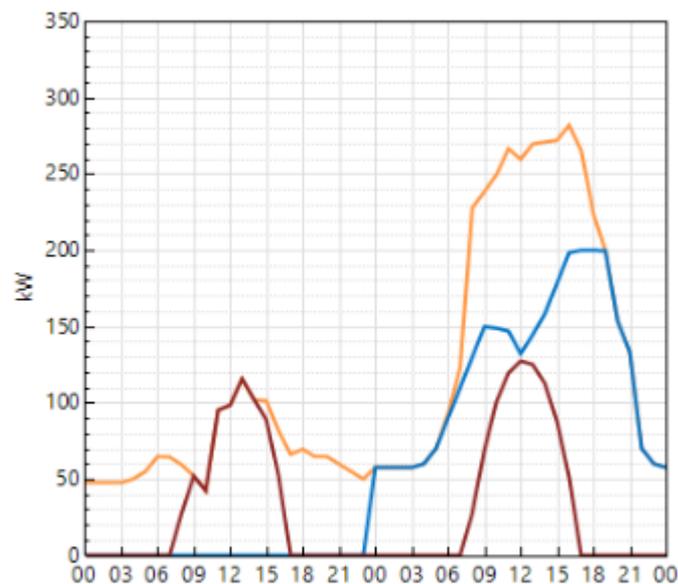
- Allowed to shutdown
- Idle at min power

Fixed output



Jan 01-02

Load following



Jan 01-02

- Electricity load (year 1) (kW)
- Electricity to load from fuel cell (kW)
- Electricity to load from PV (kW)

Heating loads and rates

SAM 2019.7.15: C:\Users\ndiorio\Desktop\SAM Files\FuelCellWebinar.sam

File + Add Demo

- Fuel Cell, Commercial
- Location and Resource
- PV System
- Battery Storage
- Fuel Cell
- Dispatch
- Lifetime
- Grid
- System Costs
- Financial Parameters
- Incentives
- Electricity Rates
- Electric Load
- Thermal Rates
- Thermal Load

Electric Load Data

Heat usage

Scaling factor (optional)

- Monthly Load Summary

	Thermal load (kWh-t)	Peak (kW-t)
Jan	493,720.81	1,505.22
Feb	485,226.53	1,559.07
Mar	580,315.00	1,557.35
Apr	601,906.94	1,586.85
May	688,796.44	1,639.37
Jun	760,529.94	1,646.96
Jul	801,503.63	1,661.34
Aug	814,901.06	1,687.62
Sep	720,793.69	1,665.95
Oct	664,864.13	1,632.44
Nov	566,944.50	1,592.84
Dec	466,793.09	1,496.21
Annual	7,646,295.50	1,687.62

Thermal rates

Thermal rates. Buy rates for thermal loads and sell rates for excess thermal generation. Either a flat rate or a timestep rate can be specified.

Buy rate

Set buy rate to fuel cost

Nominal heat conversion efficiency %

Flat buy rate Timestep buy rate

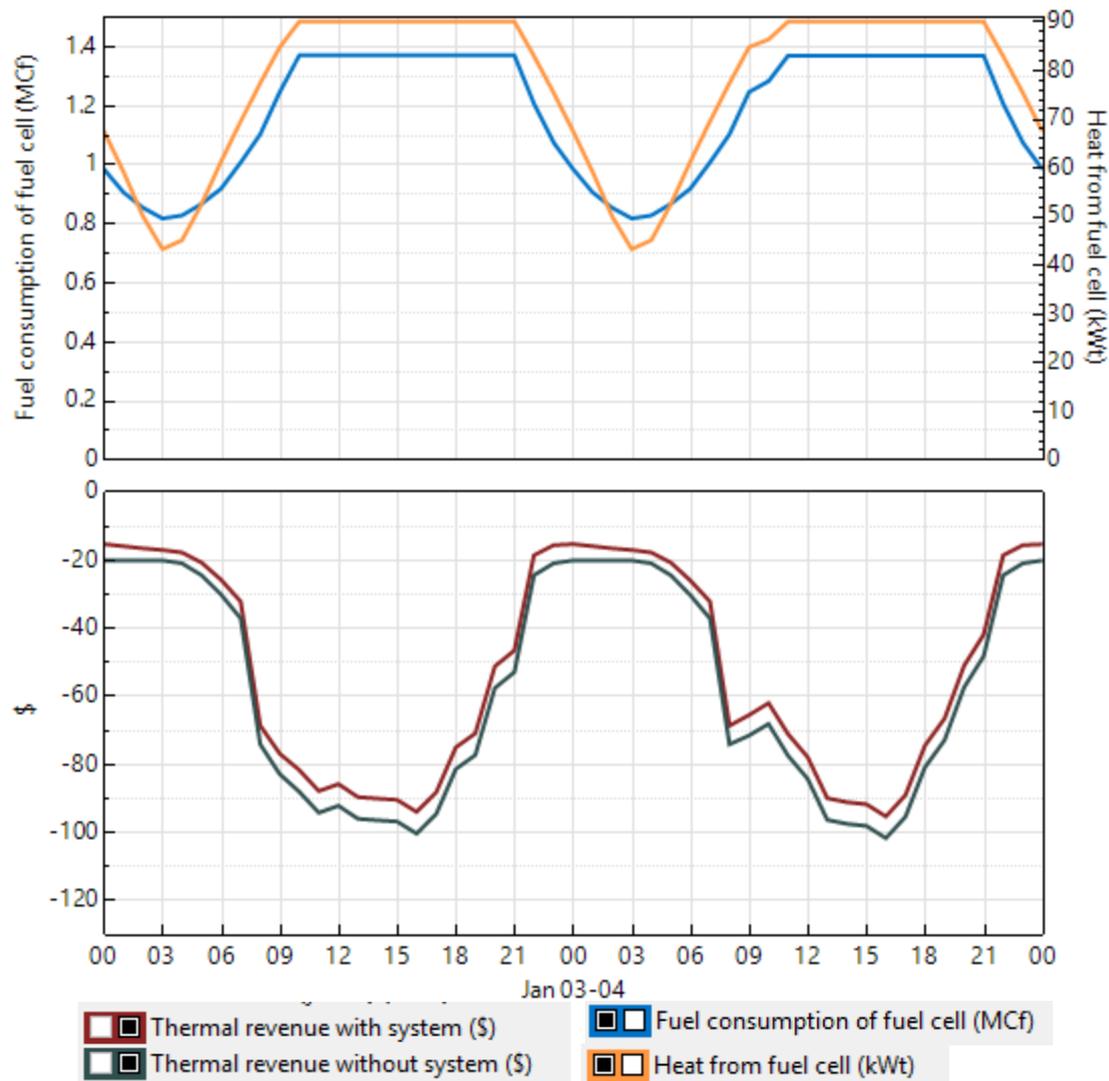
Buy rate \$/kWh-t

Sell rate

Flat sell rate Timestep sell rate

Sell Rate \$/kWh-t

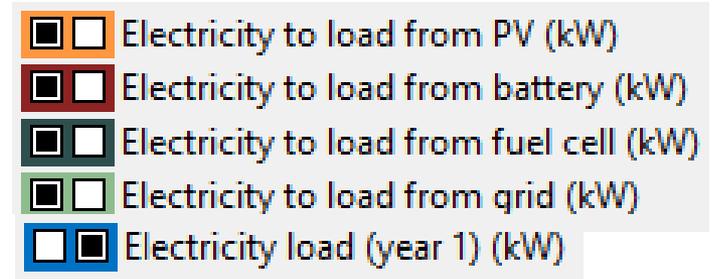
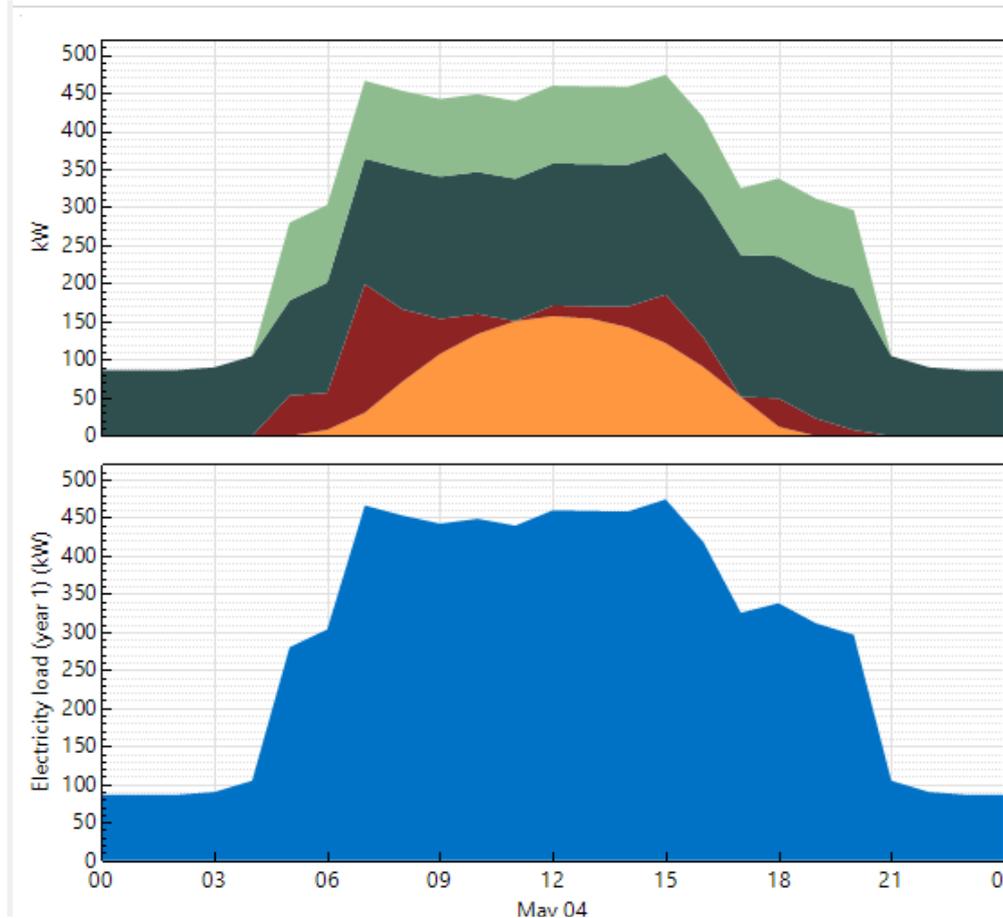
Fuel cell thermal generation



SAM outputs:

- Heat produced by fuel cell
- Fuel consumption
- Thermal revenue

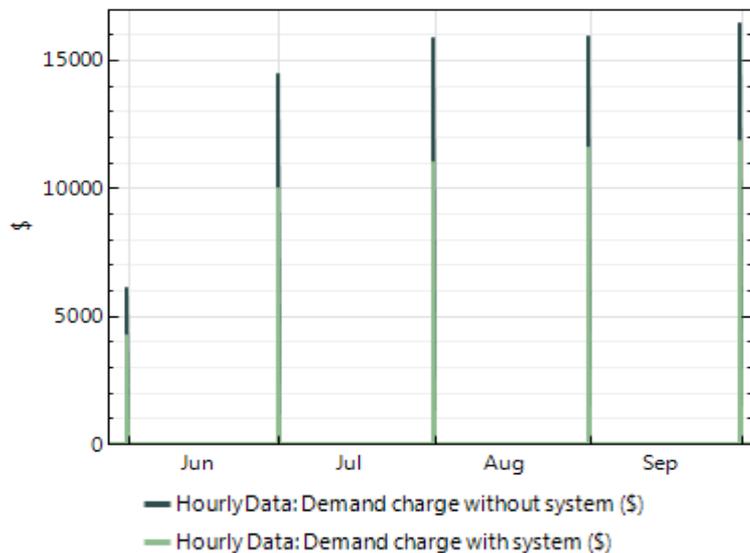
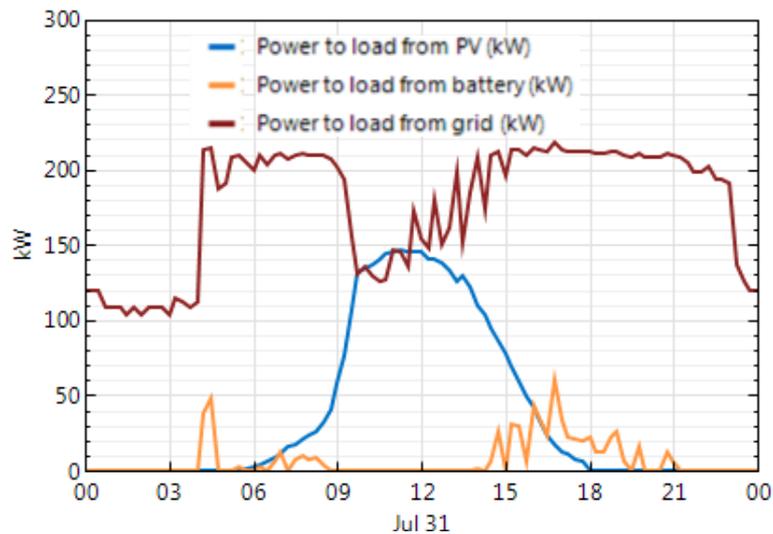
PV plus fuel cell plus storage



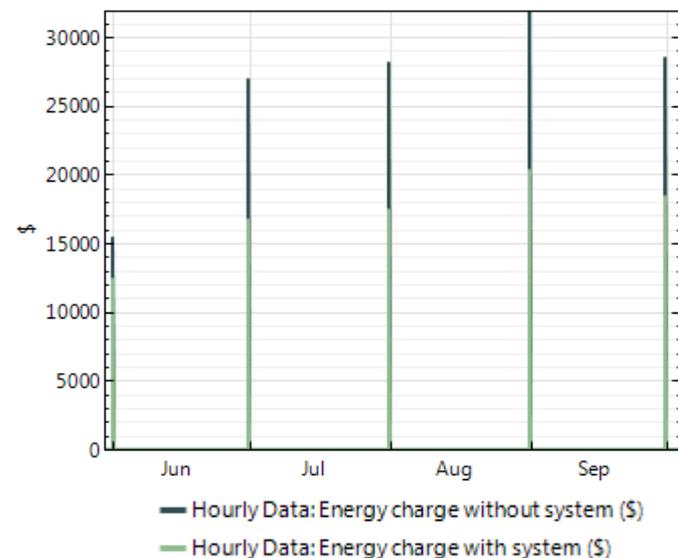
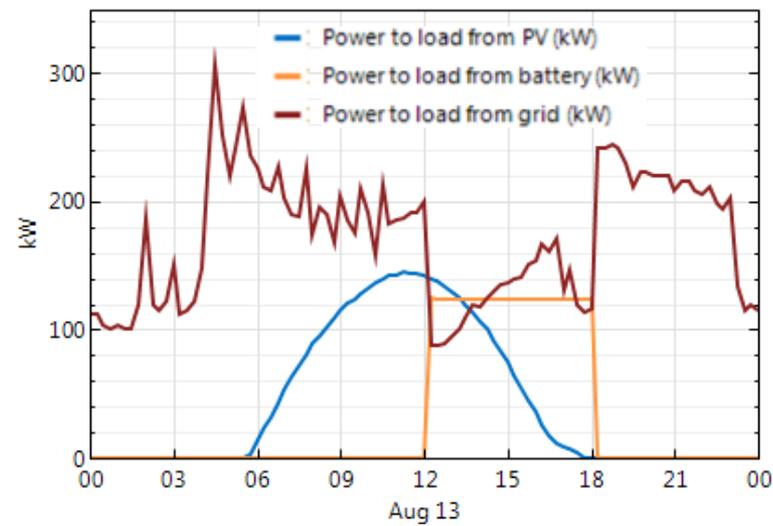
- First, PV model offsets load
- Then, fuel cell operates on resulting net load
- Then, battery controller dispatches on resulting net load.
- Grid makes up the remainder

Battery Dispatch Visualization (behind-the-meter)

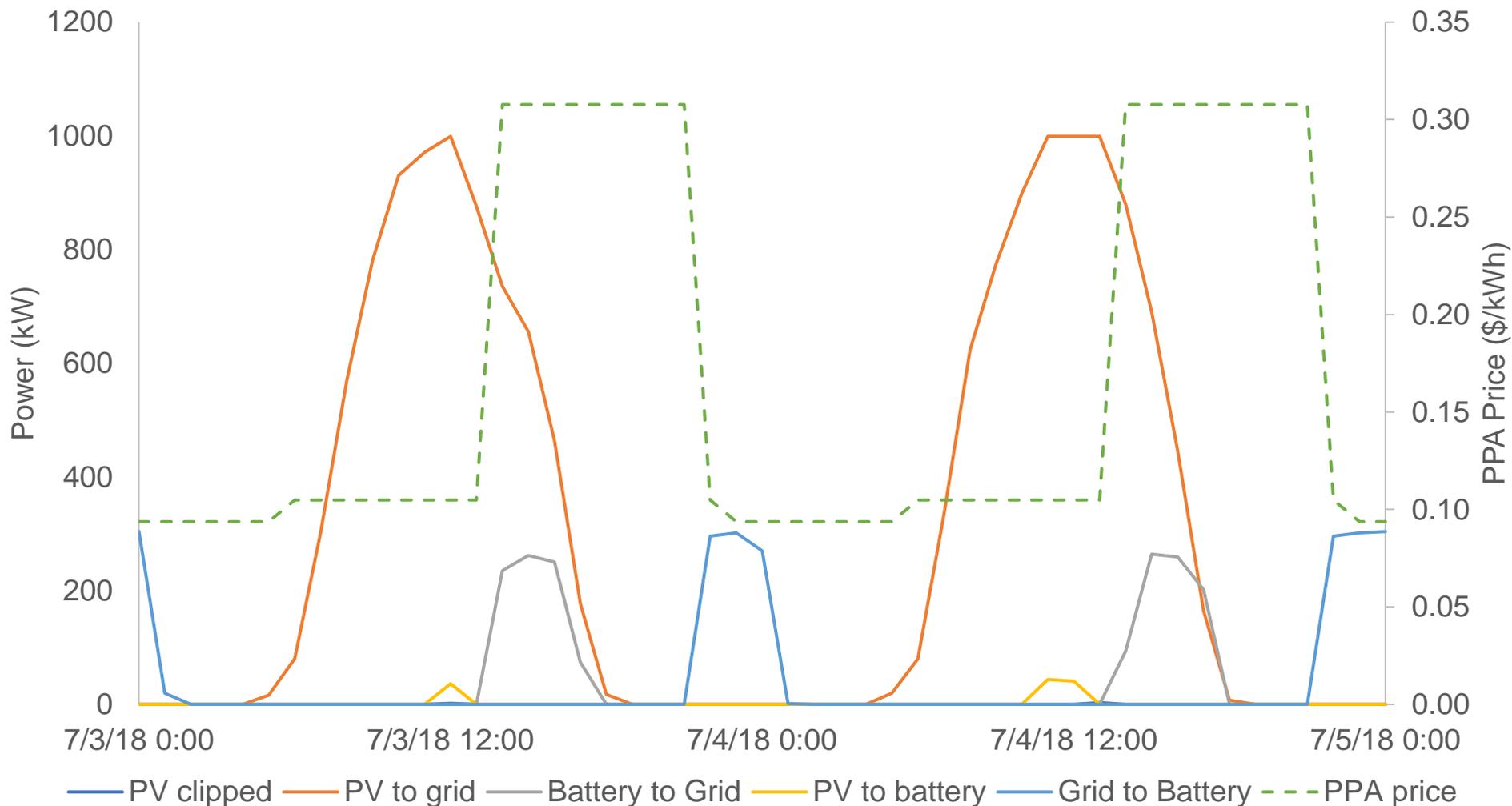
Peak shaving for demand charge reduction



Manual dispatch for energy arbitrage



Battery Dispatch (utility scale)



Battery charges from PV minimally during peak operation to reduce clipping, otherwise charges mostly from grid.

Demo

Thank you! Questions?

Janine Freeman - project lead, photovoltaic and wind models

Nick DiOrio - code architecture, battery storage models

Nate Blair - emeritus lead, financials, costs, systems

Steve Janzou - programming, utility rate structures (subcontractor)

Paul Gilman - user support and documentation (subcontractor)

Ty Neises - concentrating solar power models

Mike Wagner - concentrating solar power models

Matt Boyd- concentrating solar power models

www.nrel.gov

<http://sam.nrel.gov>

